

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No. 91, Vol. 4.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1865.

Price 6d. or 12 cts.

THIS JOURNAL is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning, and despatched by Mail and Express to all parts of these Colonies, Washington Territory, Oregon, California, the Eastern Provinces and Great Britain. The utmost care is taken to procure authentic information from all the mining districts of British Columbia, and every exertion made to obtain reliable statistics respecting the country generally.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 4, 1865.
THE SUPPLEMENTARY ESTIMATES.

The attentive reader will not fail to see in the Supplementary Supply list which passed the House before Christmas a sad commentary upon the administration of Sir James Douglas. The first thought which occurs to one is, What! the Estimates for last year supplemented by three hundred thousand dollars? A careful perusal of the list will, however, greatly tone down the first blush of surprise. It will be seen that many of the items represent matters extending back over one, two and, in some instances, three years. The list is to a great extent, in point of fact, the result of "a general squaring up of old scores;" and comparatively few of the items composing the three hundred thousand dollars properly belong to the year of grace 1864. One would naturally have supposed that prior to vacating his office Sir James would have caused the affairs connected with his administration to be put into as perfect and finished a form as possible, preparatory to handing over the seals of office to his successor. Such at least would be expected, if not absolutely required, of an ordinary mortal in almost any other sphere of human responsibility; and the man who would fail in this respect would at least find himself minus his certificate of good character. But far different has it been with Sir James. The affairs of British Columbia—to say nothing of Vancouver Island and the mass of putridity bequeathed to his successor there—would appear to have been left in the most glorious state of complicated confusion and unreadiness. Indeed, had the retiring Governor specially aimed at testing the patience and ability of his successor in the tangled labyrinth of contracts unfulfilled, claims in dispute, departmental work fallen into utter chaos, he could hardly have been more successful. The Supplementary list before us must, therefore, to a very great extent, be considered as the mere winding up of the affairs of the former administration, affording, at the same time, a fair specimen of the manner in which things were done, or rather left undone, under the old regime. This view of the case throws a ray of light upon the policy pursued by our present Governor, and explains, to some extent, an evident intention on the part of His Excellency that his administrative policy shall virtually date from the new year—that the legislation of the year just closed should not extend beyond the mere settling up of back matter. There is one feature of this subject which must strike the most cursory observer; and that is the marvellous amount of work which must have been performed by the present Colonial Secretary. For a stranger to take charge of that department, and, in less than eight months, in addition to keeping up current work, to unravel the tangled maize, extending over two or three years, and submit a correct and complete statement of the whole, would appear to indicate an amount of ability and pains-taking industry rarely to be met with in a government, or any other, official. And this we gladly hail as a good augury for the future administration of the affairs of that important department. Hitherto the office was kept in the neighboring colony, and filled by a slipshod trickster, who had no more conception of dignity or responsibility than a mere school-boy, and whose highest notion of diplomacy was to slip important public documents into a secret receptacle or a waste-paper basket, and aver that they never reached his office. Now all this will be changed. With a Governor of our own, and all the various departments of government in the colony, we enter upon the year 1865 with hopes which we had never previously dared to entertain. The old ledger, with all its blots and blunders, has been closed and consigned to that obscurity which it deserves, unless, indeed, some industrious historian should drag it into the light. Governor Seymour commences the new year upon a "clean sheet"—for we shall always date His Excellency's administration from the opening of the January session—and it remains for him not to disappoint the high expectations which have been raised in the breasts of colonists. To His Excellency and his Colonial Secretary is the colonial eye directed in eager expectation of those great measures so much needed by the country and so long sought for in vain from the late government. With such meagre opportunities as we have had of forming a judgment, we believe the people will

not be disappointed. Indications have not been wanting that His Excellency's heart beats true to the interests of British Columbia, and that he fully realizes the import of those great measures which have for years been the war-cry of our people. Unlike his predecessor, His Excellency has no private interests to serve which can conflict with those of the colony over which he is placed. Comparatively a young Governor, his interests—even to adopt the most selfish view of the subject—lie in the right direction for us. It will be His Excellency's ambition so to administer the affairs of British Columbia as to secure at once the approbation of his Royal Mistress and develop the still dormant resources of this young colony. Much the same may be said respecting the Colonial Secretary. A young gentleman of high ability, he has yet to make his mark; and very much will depend upon the manner in which he shall discharge the important duties of his present office. If one may form an opinion from the aptitude and industry already displayed, there is little to fear from the administration of the affairs of that department.

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED

FOR SALE!

BRUSSELS and KIDDERMINSTER Carpets; Hearth Rugs; Blankets, four point; Flannels; Boots; Shoes; Socks; Underclothing; Hats; Caps; Clothing, in the latest styles; Dress Shirts; Baltic Shirts; Collars, paper and linen; Silk Ties; Boys' Suits; Umbrellas; Superfine Cloth, black and blue, from the best manufactories. All of which will be sold at the LOWEST RATES FOR CASH.

WILLIAM GRIEVE.

New Westminster, Nov. 25, 1864. no20c

WHEELWRIGHT

MACHINE SHOP!

FRONT STREET, New Westminster, B.C.

The Undersigned having commenced business in the above branches, all parties will find it to their advantage to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.

Agricultural Implements made and repaired. Sash—FRONT STREET.

JAS. SANDERS.

New Westminster, Nov. 25, 1864. no20c

DR. BLACK.

(M. R. C. S., L. S. A.)

Can be Consulted Daily at his Present Residence,

Columbia Street,

no26. New Westminster, B. C. tc

SEASONED LUMBER.

400,000 FEET

SEASON'D LUMBER

Rough & Dressed, For Sale By

J. A. R. HOMER.

New Westminster, November 3, 1864. no5tc

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the inhabitants of New Westminster, and the public, that he is always ready to attend any orders for MASONRY WORK, in Brick, Stone or Plastering. Furnaces, Ovens and Kitchens particularly attended to. Any person requiring work in the above line will please leave their orders at the office of Geo. Hooper, Auctioneer.

JONATHAN MOREY.

je29tc

New Advertisements.

A CURE FOR

HARD TIMES.

PAY AS YOU GO!

BELIEVING that

the Credit business is alike injurious to the buyer and the seller, by causing the former to pay more for his purchases, in fact, compelling those who do pay to pay also for those who don't, and by tempting him to buy more than he would if he paid down: to the latter by making bad debts, and by depriving him of the use of his means, and thus preventing him from buying on the best terms,

THE subscribers have determined that after the

FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER

next they will close their books, and sell no more on credit, but sell for

CASH ONLY;

and in order to induce purchasers to deal with them, they will dispose of their present stock at COST and CHARGES. All outstanding accounts will be made out and ready for delivery on the 1st of December, and must be settled by CASH or NOTE immediately, as all accounts unsettled and notes past due on the 15th of December next will be put in suit for collection without fail.

UNWILLING as the subscribers are to make costs, this course is absolutely necessary to enable them to meet their obligations.

CLUTE & MAJOR,
Columbia Street.

no12. New Westminster, November 12th, 1864. tc

LUMBER!

FOR SALE.

5,000,000 FEET ROUGH,

3,000,000 FEET DRESS'D,

In lots to suit, for Exportation.

J. A. WEBSTER & CO.

no5tc

New Advertisements.

HENRY HOLBROOK,
WHARFINGER,
FORWARDING AND COMMISSION
MERCHANT,
DEALER IN PROVISIONS, FEED, ETC.

BONDED STORAGE FOR 1000 TONS OF GOODS
in STONE FIREPROOF WAREHOUSE. Goods Forwarded up country, and every accommodation given to vessels loading or discharging at the Liverpool or Upper Wharf. de10tc

F. G. RICHARDS

Has Returned from Cariboo

AND IS STILL AT HIS OLD STAND,

BLIZZARD SALOON,

Holbrook's Wharf,

WHERE HE WILL BE GLAD TO SEE

OLD FRIENDS.

COLONIAL HOTEL,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Messrs. Grelley Brothers

Have added to their comfortable

Hotel and Restaurant,

A SPLENDID

Billiard Saloon,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARS.

In connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of

WINES, LIQUORS, PORTER, ALES, BRANDIES, RUM, CIDER, SYRUPS, COORDIALS, BITTERS, &c., which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or in case.

THE BEST BRANDS OF CIGARS, Havana, Manila and Cheroots. New Westminster, July 18, 1862. jy19

PICHT & HOYT,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

Spirits, Wines, Ales and Segars.

BRANDIES—French, H. & F. Martell, Pelevoisin and American in bulk and cases;
RUM—Jamaica and other brands;
WHISKEY—Scotch, Irish, Bourbon and Monongahela in bulk and cases;
GIN—Holland in bulk and cases;
OLD TOM—Different brands;
WINE—Port, Sherry, California wines, various brands;
CHAMPAGNE, PORTER & ALES—Different brands;
SYRUPS & BITTERS—All kinds;
HAVANNA SEGARS—Different brands.

PICHT & HOYT,

New Westminster, B. C.,

BREWERS & MALTSTERS,

AND DEALERS IN

Brewer Stock,

DISTILLERS,

AND DEALERS IN

DOUBLE REFINED SPIRITS,

40° over proof, superior to any;

REFINED ALCOHOL

In Tins, 95 per cent. ap3tc

Victoria Advertisements.

THE

Royal Insurance Company.

FOR

Fire & Life Insurance.

CAPITAL - - - - Ten Million Dollars!

HEAD OFFICES, - - - - Liverpool and London.

CHAIRMAN,

Charles Turner, Esq., M. P.

DEPUTY CHAIRMEN,

Ralph Brocklebank, Esq., & E. Johnston, Esq.

MANAGER AND ACTUARY,

PERCY M. DOVE, ESQ.

THE DIRECTORS HAVE APPOINTED the UNDERSIGNED their Agents for

Vancouver Island & British Columbia, and will now accept proposals for Insurance both in the

Fire and Life Departments.

They feel confident that the known Standing and Character of this Office, the sound principles on which it is established and the magnitude of its resources, will obtain for it a fair share of public patronage. James Dickson, Esq., M. D., has been appointed Medical Examiner to the Life Branch.

ANDERSON & CO.,

Wharf Street. Victoria, 20th January, 1863. ja24

CITY BAKERY

COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the

Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets, where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes, supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to. JOSEPH SOREL, New Westminster, March 3, 1863. ma4

LOCHLOMOND HOUSE!

AT THE

Seventy-four-mile Post

ON THE

Lillooet-Alexander Road.

THE PROPRIETOR calls the attention of travellers to Cariboo to this House, which is just opened for the travelling public, where Good Meals can be had at all hours, with all the delicacies of the season.

THE BAR

will contain CIVILITY, and the best

LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

This is the first house within 15 miles where good water can be obtained, and, being 27 miles above the Junction, affords a comfortable and convenient stopping place.

Packers, Stagers and Teamsters are informed that they will find good stabling and the best of provender, as well as an excellent run for cattle on the grounds.

The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort of those who may patronize the Lochlomond House. JOHN McMURPHY, Lochlomond, British Columbia, March, 1863. tc.

DOUGLAS-LILLOOET ROUTE.

PEMBERTON HOUSE, PORT PEMBERTON!

THIS OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE is now kept by the undersigned, who guarantees that its past reputation as a FIRST CLASS HOTEL shall be well maintained by him; and he is desirous of securing to the public that amount of comfort and accommodation for both ladies and gentlemen that the traveller both desires and expects. He will further guarantee that no one shall leave his house without getting "value received" for his money, and that in the shape of a good meal, good lodging, and attention to his wants at a fair remuneration.

There are also private rooms for families, and for those who desire them. There is a Bar attached to the House, with good Liquors, Cigars, etc., etc., and a Bag-stable table for their use and diversion.

The undersigned hopes for a fair share of patronage, and that the merits of this route, in the accommodation, ease and quickness of travel which it affords, will be appreciated by the travelling public.

WILLIAM SMITH. au13tc

A CARD!

To the Editor of the British Columbian. SIR:—As large and mighty advertisements have of late become so common, we think it an almost unwarrantable proceeding to inform the public that we have superseded the Town Council in C. Millard's stone building, where consigned goods in great variety and of the latest fashion must be sold. Auction Sales will be held twice a week; commencing on Wednesday, 5th instant, at noon. HOOPER & CO. ob1tc

January 4, 1865.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, 125, West Main Street, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12d. per week. Terms per quarter, 18s.; or \$2.50 per half-yearly, or \$5.00 per annum, in advance. Subscriptions must be paid in advance. All advertisements for insertion in the British Columbian must be sent in before noon of the day before publication. All advertisements for insertion in the British Columbian must be sent in before noon of the day before publication. All advertisements for insertion in the British Columbian must be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

ADVERTISING RATES.
Transient Advertisements, 2 lines and under, 22 first insertions, per inch for first insertion, and half a dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers. Advertisements in order to ensure insertion, should be sent in before noon of the day before publication. All advertisements for insertion in the British Columbian must be sent in before noon of the day before publication. All advertisements for insertion in the British Columbian must be sent in before noon of the day before publication.

The British Columbian.
NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 4, 1865.
OUR ROAD POLICY.

When, some twelve months ago, the Legislature voted £48,000 for the construction of roads in the single district of Cariboo, during the fiscal year just closed, we entered our earnest protest against the appropriation, although fully aware that do so was to imperil our popularity in that section of the colony; and when it subsequently became known that the tenders for constructing a wagon road from Quesnelmouth to Williams Creek—a distance of only 54½ miles—indicated three hundred thousand dollars as the first cost of the work, every rational and unbiased colonist must have been impressed with the glaring impolicy of the project and the utter unjustifiableness of the expenditure. That the three hundred thousand dollars has not been expended is attributed by His Excellency the Governor, in his speech to the Council, to the casual circumstance of the tightness of the London money-market; but may it not have been owing in part to the shrewdness of His Excellency, who could not but have been struck with the desperate prodigality of the undertaking. Be this as it may, only a small proportion of the expenditure has been actually incurred—something like \$100,000, we believe, in constructing this end of the road, building a bridge across the Cottonwood River, and other little expenses connected therewith. It is with peculiar satisfaction we observe the altered tone of the Legislative Council on this subject, as indicated by the following passage from the address in reply to His Excellency's speech:—

"We are less inclined to lament the financial circumstances at home, which have impeded the full issue of our latest loan, in that they will, we trust, have been the means of enabling Your Excellency, besides completing the works now on hand, to open up a line of road which will induce the main traffic of the new and important gold mining region of Kootenay to pass through the interior of our own territory."

This sentiment not only accords with our own, but bears a striking similarity to that enunciated by ourselves in reviewing His Excellency's speech, when we viewed the circumstances which led to the postponement of the drawing of the whole loan as "a Providential interposition, leaving us, as it does, with funds to prosecute this (the opening of communication with Kootenay) most important work." While it was not to be wondered at that those members of the Council who represented the Cariboo District should have sought to expend as large a portion of the revenue as possible in their own locality, without a very acute sense of the claims of other localities and other more general interests, we cannot but congratulate our fellow-colonists upon the change of policy indicated by the above extract. Those members of the Council who are in a sense representatives of certain districts ought never to overlook, in their zeal to serve the special interests of their constituents, so-called, the more general and more important interests of the colony, as a whole. To do so is to prove their unfitness to legislate for the country. We would desire our position respecting this road in particular, as well as road-making in a more general sense, to be distinctly understood both by the Executive, the Legislature and the public at large. Road-making in British Columbia has been, and is now, a very important part of the duty of government—a duty which has at times, we fear, been discharged at the sacrifice of other and equally important interests. We will go farther and admit that it would be a very nice thing to have a good wagon road constructed to every mining locality in British Columbia. It is, at the same time, our firm conviction that the government would not, in the present circumstances of the country, be justified in constructing an expensive wagon road to any given mining locality, unless such road would be available for other and more general and permanent interests. We hold this opinion upon several grounds. In the first place, no mere placer diggings are of a sufficiently permanent character to justify the expenditure; and what may appear the best route this year may be abandoned in favor of one supposed to offer superior facilities in less than twelve months. Secondly, our gold-fields are not only undergoing continual change in point of intrinsic value, but equally so geographically. Lightning to-day, Williams to-morrow, Lowie the day following, only to be followed by the cry of "On to Kootenay!" In order to justify the construction of an expensive wagon road to any single mining locality, one would have to imagine a portable one, capable of being moved to meet the constantly changing gold-fields of British Columbia. The case of Cariboo and the proposed wagon road thereto

will answer very well more fully to illustrate our meaning. A tolerable pack trail existed between Quesnelmouth and Williams Creek up to the last season. Over that trail—54½ miles in length—goods were carried last season at the rate of \$6 per 100 lbs.—precisely the same price charged at the same time for carrying goods over the 58 miles of good wagon road between Yale and Lytton! Query: How much less would they be carried for from Quesnelmouth to Williams Creek, were there a good wagon road all the way? Not a cent less, say we. This may appear strange; but it is very easily explained. The animals made use of in packing are much more hardy and easily kept than those used in waggoning. The character of the country is such that the former would forage, whereas the latter would starve unless sustained by provender transported at great expense from the central settlements. Thus it is that, as a means of transport, packing is superior to waggoning, over the section of country to which these remarks more particularly refer; and thus it is that carrying is done as cheaply over the trail there as it is done over the excellent wagon road between Yale and Lytton. But, allowing that the construction of the road in question should reduce the price of freight, say a cent a pound, would the government be at all justified in incurring an expenditure of three hundred thousand dollars for the purpose of constructing 54½ miles of road through a section of country where it can never be available for anything but mining purposes, and to a gold-field which may not give employment to two thousand miners next year, and which in the course of three or four years may be abandoned altogether? Moreover, we are informed, even now, that the route selected for so expensive a highway into Cariboo is all a mistake; that a road can be got by the way of Horseshoe Valley some 70 miles shorter, and possessing the additional advantage of passing through an agricultural country all the way, affording abundant feed for both man and beast. If this really be so, and from all we have been able to learn there is no reason to doubt it, then indeed has our Cariboo road-making been a monstrous blunder. Finally, there is another point which should not be lost sight of in this connection. The road made from Quesnelmouth to Richfield and the three hundred thousand dollars paid for it, and what next? Why a wagon road from Soda Alexander to connect with it. Such a link is even now demanded, and not without reason. If the one must be built so should the other, or else one most important link in the chain will be wanting. And how much would this piece of road cost? Probably more than \$200,000. Thus would be spent upwards of half a million of dollars in constructing less than 100 miles of road entirely beyond the confines of agricultural or habitable country, and where it may fall into disuse in two or three years! We hope, therefore, in view of all these considerations, together with many others which might be urged, did time and space permit, that while the best energies of the government are put forth to construct great arterial highways which will not only meet present need, but serve a permanent purpose, the policy of building wagon roads into every mining camp at an enormous expense will be abandoned in future.

New Advertisements.

J. G. McBEAN,
IMPORTER AND
WHOLESALE & RETAIL
DEALER IN
FAMILY GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
FEED STUFFS,
OILMAN'S STORES,
NAILS, AXES,
COAL OIL,
LAMPS & FITTINGS
AND, in short, every article usually found in a General Grocery establishment.
J. G. McBEAN.
New Westminster, Jan. 4, 1865.

LUMBER!
FOR SALE.

5,000,000 FEET ROUGH,
3,000,000 FEET DRESS'D,

In lots to suit, for Exportation.
J. A. WEBSTER & CO.

New Advertisements.

SAUCE—LEA AND PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

PRONOUNCED
—BY—
CONNOISSEURS
TO BE THE
Only Good Sauce
AND APPLICABLE TO
EVERY VARIETY
OF DISH.
CAUTION.
LEA AND PERRINS'
Beg to caution the Public against spurious imitations of their celebrated
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

L. & P. HAVE discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the name of L. & P. forged.
ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.
Sole Wholesale and Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. Oakes & Blackwell; Messrs. Barclay & Sons, London; &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.
de24y w

PRESENTS

—FOR—

CHRISTMAS

—AND—

NEW YEAR'S.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

BOOKS, FANCY GOODS, AND

TOYS!

JUST RECEIVED AT THE

COLONIAL BOOK-STORE!

Call soon, that you may secure a choice.

de21tc CLARKSON & CO.

CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS,

BOOTS & SHOES,

GROCERIES,

FRUITS,

NUTS, CANDIES,

YANKEE NOTIONS,

In the greatest variety

can be purchased at very

low prices from

ROBERT GREENBAUM,

SUCCESSOR TO

H. LEVIN,

Columbia Street.

de17

DIARIES

FOR 1865.

de1tc At CLARKSON & CO.'S.

NOTICE!

Antler Bed-rock Flume Co., Limited.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the above Company will be held on THURSDAY, the 12th JANUARY next, at the Stock Board Room, Smith's Building, Victoria, V. I., at 2 o'clock, at which time and place the Resolutions passed at the Ordinary General Meeting of the Company on the 14th December, 1864, will be submitted to the Shareholders for confirmation.
By order of the Directors,
JOHN J. COCHRANE, Secretary.
Victoria, V. I., December 14, 1864. de21td

GEORGE HOOPER,

LAND AGENT, &C.

BEGS TO INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT HE HAS on hand, for private sale, a large number of

TOWN & SUBURBAN LOTS!

and in many cases is authorised to deal liberally with purchasers.

New Advertisements.

FAMILY GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

THE SUBSCRIBER would invite the attention of his numerous customers, and the public generally, to his varied and choice stock of Family Groceries, Provisions, and Oilman's Stores, &c., &c., &c.

To THOSE whose liberal patronage he has enjoyed during the past two years it is unnecessary to say more than merely assure them of his determination to keep pace with the times, both as regards prices and assortment.

To THE general public he would say: If you desire to combine entire satisfaction with economy, do not go past the subscriber's new Store, two doors west of the old stand.

In Stock—A superior article of Smoked Salmon from Annandale's fishery, Mud Bay.

JOHN MURRAY.

New Westminster, Dec. 2, 1864. de1tc

CARIBOO EXPRESS.

DURING THE WINTER MONTHS OUR EXPRESS for Cariboo will be dispatched from New Westminster on the arrival of the California Express of the 19th and 29th, from San Francisco.

Our Patrons will please observe that we do not dispatch a Cariboo Express on the arrival of the California Express of the 9th.

DIETZ & NELSON,

Connecting with

BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

December 9th, 1864. de1tc

TO FARMERS.

DECEMBER being the month for sowing Winter Wheat on the lands adjacent to the Lower Fraser, farmers can obtain small supplies of several sorts from the stock of the Agricultural Association in New Westminster, thereby to prove what kinds are best adapted for this part of the colony, and to secure seed for another season. The Association have six varieties of Wheat.

W. E. CORMACK, Hon. Sec.

New Westminster, December 5, 1864. de5tc

Dissolution of Copartnership.

NOTICE.—The partnership hitherto carried on by WALKER & BRUNTON, Port Pemberton, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business in future will be carried on by JAMES W. BRUNTON, who will collect and pay all debts due by the late firm of Walker & Brunton.

JOSEPH WALKER.

JAMES W. BRUNTON.

Witness, FREDERICK SMITH.

Port Pemberton, December 5, 1864. de10 m

ELLIOTT, STEWART & CO.,

BREWERS, VICTORIA, V. I.,

HAVE INSTRUCTED

MR. GEO. HOOPER,

their Agent for BRITISH COLUMBIA, that their new

SEASON'S ALE

is in excellent condition, and ready for drawing.

This Ale is giving immense satisfaction, and can be obtained either in BOTTLE or in WOOD by application to

GEORGE HOOPER,

New Westminster, November 4th, 1864. de5tc

WILLIAM CLARKSON,

REAL ESTATE

AGENT.

HAS ON HAND OVER THIRTY VERY VALUABLE Town Lots. Any person wishing to purchase either improved or non-improved

CITY OR RURAL LANDS

will find it to their advantage to call upon Mr. C. for full particulars of situation, prices, &c., &c.

de3tc

New Advertisements.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MILL CO.,

[LIMITED.]

INCORPORATED 30th DECEMBER, 1863.

Capital, £3000 Stg., in 400 Shares of £20 each

Board of Directors:

STILLMAN F. WASHBURN, Managing Director,

GEORGE W. HAYNES,

JOHN STEADMAN,

CHARLES A. RINES,

ISAAC STEADMAN.

Lumber of all kinds constantly on hand, and cut to order.

Superior facilities for furnishing Cargoes for Exportation.

Orders for Lumber, either Rough or Dressed, solicited, and will receive the strictest attention.

OFFICE—Columbia Street, New Westminster, B. C.

no19tc THOS. MCMICKING, Secretary.

THE INVALID'S FRIEND.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

Nervous Disorders.

What is more fearful than a breaking down of the nervous system? To be excitable or nervous in a small degree is most distressing, for where can a remedy be found? Here is one—Drink but little wine, beer or spirits, or far better, abstain from them altogether; do not take coffee—weak tea is preferable; get all the fresh air you can; take three or four of these Pills every night; eat plenty of solids, and avoid the use of sweets. If these golden rules are followed, you will be happy in mind, strong in body, and forget you have any nerves.

Mothers and Daughters.

If there is one thing more than another for which these Pills are so famous it is their purifying properties, especially their power of cleansing the blood from all impurities, and removing dangerous, and renewing suspended secretions. Universally adopted as the one grand remedy for female complaints, these Pills never fail, never weaken the system, and always bring about what is required.

Disorders of the Kidneys.

In all diseases affecting these organs, whether they secrete too much or too little water, or whether they be afflicted with stone or gravel, or with aches and pains settled in the loins over the region of the kidneys, these Pills should be taken according to the printed directions, and the Ointment should be well rubbed into the small of the back at bed time. This treatment will give almost immediate relief after all other means have failed.

The Stomach out of Order.

No medicine will so effectually improve the tone of the stomach as these Pills; they remove all acidity, occasioned either by intemperance or improper diet. They reach the liver, and reduce it to a healthy action; they are wonderfully efficacious in cases of spasms—in fact they never fail in curing all disorders of liver & stomach.

Bronchitis, Diphtheria, Coughs, Colds.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of disordered action may always be removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remedy any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any over-gorged veins, moderate the hurried breathing and enable the windpipe and lungs to perform their functions with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and thus fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and other pulmonary complaints.

Debilitated Constitutions.

In cases of debility, languor and nervousness, generated by excess of any kind, whether mental or physical, the effect of these Pills is in the highest degree bracing, renovating and restorative. They drive from the system the morbid cause of disease, re-establish the digestion, regulate all the secretions, brace the nervous system, raise the patient's spirits, and bring back the frame to its pristine health and vigour.

Biliousness, Loss of Appetite, Head-ache and Lowness of Spirits.

These Pills effect a truly wonderful change in debilitated constitutions as they create a healthy appetite, correct indigestion, remove excess of bile, and overcome giddiness, headache, and palpitation of the heart.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:—

Ague	Female Irregularities	Retention of Urine
Asthma	Fever of all kinds	Scrofula, or King's Evil
Bilious Complaints	Fits	Sore Throats
Blotches on the skin	Gout	Stomach and General Secondary Symp-toms
Bowel Complaints	Head-ache	Tie Douloureux
Colic	Indigestion	Tumours
Constipation of the Bowels	Inflammation	Ulcers
Consumption	Jaundice	Venernal Affections
Debility	Liver Com-plaints	Worms of all kinds
Dropsy	Lumbago	Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Erysipelas	Piles	
	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 12d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s. 2s., and 3s. each Box.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

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NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED desires to inform the public that Mr. JOHN T. SCOTT is no longer authorized to transact any business for him.

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Important to Business Men in Victoria, California, Portland, and Places on the Sound!

This Journal is the only newspaper published in British Columbia, and is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is regarded as an advertising medium for the Colony. J. DORAN, in Victoria; and T. B. DORAN, in San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 4, 1865.

Return of the Kootenay Expedition.

The Expedition sent out under Mr. Turner, conjointly by the Government and the people of Lytton, Yale and New Westminster, for the purpose of exploring for a favorable route to the Kootenay country, via Lytton and Kamloops, returned to this city on the 28th ult. It will be remembered that they started from Yale on the 4th October, so that they have been out two months and twenty-four days. It is not our present purpose to attempt to give a full report of the Expedition, as we prefer to wait for the official report, which will doubtless be published in the course of the week. Inasmuch as a very deep and general interest is felt in the question of communication with the recently discovered gold field on our South-eastern border, we may however be permitted to say, in a word, that the result is not satisfactory, so far as a practicable route through the section of country traversed by the expedition is concerned. A letter published in our columns a few weeks ago, and dated from Columbia River, covers the greater part of a journey more barren of interest than usual. Proceeding from the point at which they struck the Columbia, the party ascended that river till they reached within a mile of what is called the Boat Encampment, at the Long Bend. Here their provisions gave out, and they put about and descended the stream, being destitute of food for seven days, save such as they were able to procure from natives by the way. The last meal made from their own supply consisted of a handful of flour mixed with water. All along the Columbia, as far as the party went, the bars prospected well—from 2 to 5 cts. They, of course, bring no mining news, save what reached them in the shape of rumour. The winter population of Kootenay was variously estimated, some reports bringing it as low as two hundred, and others raising it to six hundred; probably half way between these two extremes would be near the mark. There were rumours, too, of new and rich strikes having been made in various directions. There would appear to be little doubt that, immediately above the long bend, some 150 or 200 miles higher up the Columbia than Wild Horse Creek diggings, and nearly due north therefrom, rich and extensive diggings have been struck, and that there are a considerable number of Frenchmen at work upon them and doing well. Indeed we have it from other sources, as well as from Mr. Turner, that this is the case. We have it from good authority that upwards of twenty Frenchmen recently laid in a winter's stock of provisions and left for the locality alluded to, and that they are known to have "a good thing." Mr. Turner is convinced that the auriferous range to which the present Kootenay mines belong is a continuation of that passing through Cariboo, and that it will be found to afford continuous and rich diggings all the way through a range of between 300 and 400 miles. Should this theory prove correct, and there appears little room for doubt; there will be room for a mining population of a million, or more; and much of the country would be easily supplied from the Thompson River district, to which a portion of it is quite contiguous. The following is from a California paper, and refers to the country above alluded to, although the paper in which the paragraph originally appeared—*The Golden Age*, Lewiston, I. T., makes them out to be in Idaho Territory. Fisherville is on Wild Horse Creek, and the basin alluded to has been discovered 180 miles to the northward of it is the new diggings above the Long Bend, mentioned above.

"We are credibly informed that the new mines, somewhere near the headwaters of the Columbia river, are the most extensive yet discovered, and so far as prospected, are promisingly rich. Our informant (Mr. Drouillard) states that he was told at Fisherville, that a gold producing basin had been discovered, about 180 miles to the northward of Fisherville, that would afford employment to 10,000 men of itself, while there were other rich placers contiguous. It is said these new mines will pay from \$5 to \$50 a day to the hand. They were not found so very recently—reports concerning them having been circulated for two or three months—but exactly where they were located was a while mythical, their original explorers foolishly thinking they would be benefitted by keeping their whereabouts secret. Now it seems their location is generally known among the miners above, and they were flocking thitherward from Fisherville in great numbers. California will shortly be outstripped, from present appearances."

THE RIFLE CORPS.—The New Westminster Volunteer Rifle Corps met for regular drill in their spacious drill-room on Saturday evening. Shortly after 8 o'clock His Excellency Governor Seymour and suite entered the room and inspected the corps, after which His Excellency addressed a few words of commendation and encouragement to the volunteers, expressing himself highly pleased with the high state of efficiency to which they had attained in so brief a period. It is matter of regret that there was not a larger muster on this occasion. Although the roll exhibits 60 members it is unaccountable that the corps should only have mustered some thirty strong upon such an important occasion. The institution is an important one and possesses a peculiar interest as the first volunteer military organization on the British Pacific. Let it not be said of New Westminster that such an institution could not be sustained in it. Possibly one night a week would be often enough to meet for drill; but surely a couple of hours a week is not too much to devote to so important a matter.

Later from the Interior.

ARRIVAL OF BARNARD'S EXPRESS.

Barnard's Cariboo Express, in charge of Mr. Pool, arrived at Yale on the 27th ult. Mr. Pool left Williams Creek on the 12th, making the trip in 15 days and encountering, perhaps, the greatest amount of hardship ever experienced by an express messenger on that route. On the creek the mercury fell to 26 deg. below zero on the 11th, completely sealing everything up. Snow was only 1 foot deep on Williams, and about 2 feet on the road out to Vanwinkle. At Quesnelmouth on the 14th the thermometer stood 18 deg. below zero, and at Lake la Hache the cold was intense, causing the mercury to fall as low as 38 deg. below zero at Palko's.

Travelling through the canyons was rendered almost impracticable on account of snow slides from the mountain sides, completely blocking up the way. Mr. Pool was compelled to dig a passage through for his animals at several points. Recent rains have rendered this part of the road even worse, and the messenger taking the return express was compelled to abandon the sleighs and pack the express matter upon the backs of horses and Indians. The snow had reached a depth of 3 feet at Yale, and an Indian who came down subsequently to the express reported it 30 inches deep at Lytton.

The intense cold had put a complete stop to mining operations on Williams Creek. The Caledonia, Cariboo, Moffatt, Burns Tunnel and Bed-rock Flume, all of which had been working up to the cold snap, had closed, and business was at a general stand. Mr. Smith, of Cottonwood, had succeeded, so far, in keeping a good sleigh road open from Quesnelmouth to Richfield. Mr. Smith is paid \$1000 by the government, and about an equal amount by private parties having a direct interest in the matter, for the purpose of keeping the roadway beaten during the winter. He is engaged in sleighing in goods, and the above sum is given as a bonus to sustain the enterprise.

YALE.

Flour is selling at \$20 per bbl. and in full supply. The sum of \$400 had been raised by subscription in Yale towards building a suitable school-house, and it was expected that government would grant an equal sum, and also furnish the school-room. Yale has between 25 and 30 children of school age, and the want of a good school is keenly felt. The question of a union between British Columbia and Vancouver Island had been argued in the Literary Institute, resulting in a decision against union. Harper's mill buildings, immediately below the town, had fallen under the weight of snow which had accumulated upon the roof. A considerable number of people were turning their attention to mining upon the various bars from Hope up as far as Lytton. The water having fallen to a lower stage than hitherto known, they are enabled to reach ground which had been previously worked to the waters edge, and which had yielded richly. It is believed that should the water continue at its present low stage for some time good diggings will be worked. A leading Yale firm had been up before the magistrate and fined \$100 for selling liquor without a license.

THE LOWER FRASER.

is reported clear of ice, with the exception of about 100 yards at the Orchard, and about 5 miles extending from Coe's Ranch to the Six Tree Bend; but the ice at these points had become very rotten and gave every indication of approaching dissolution. With these two exceptions the river is clear between this city and Yale, and should the present open weather continue, we may hope to see steam communication resumed in the course of a week or so. The steamer *Reliance* lies snugly in her winter quarters, having sustained no damage from the ice. Between this city and Douglas navigation has been open and steamers running regularly for some time. The *Hope* is plying between this and Harrisonmouth, connecting at that place with the *Henrietta*. At Douglas there is a plentiful supply of provisions, and flour has not gone higher than \$16 50 per bbl., notwithstanding the statement in a local print to the effect that it was \$30, with an upward tendency.

THE CHIME OF BELLS.—It will be within the recollection of most of our readers that in 1860, if we mistake not, a splendid chime of bells, the magnificent gift of Miss Coutts, of London, and designed for the New Westminster Cathedral, arrived at Victoria. Unfortunately New Westminster could not, at the time, boast of a cathedral, and although there was some talk of erecting a tower for the reception of the bells, the matter ended in talk, and the chime of bells still lies at Victoria. It will, we feel assured, be gratifying to the public generally to know that the subject has been revived, and that an active movement is now on foot, having for its object the erection of a tower at Holy Trinity, in which to bestow the chime of bells. The Bishop has promised \$500 towards the movement, while 20 gentlemen have agreed to give \$50 each, thus ensuring about three-fourths of the requisite amount. We feel assured that with such a start the committee will not appeal to the public in vain for the balance. Who among us would not do something towards securing a chime of bells for New Westminster?

THE TELEGRAPH LINE.—We learn that the poles have been laid on the ground for five miles between this and Mud Bay. At the other end operations have been partially suspended owing to the recent unfavorable weather, and the str. *Union*, engaged in the service, is moored in a stream which falls into the Sound.

CONVICTS.—In the *British Colonist* of the 23rd ult. we observe a well written article upon the Australian convict imbroglio, and throwing out a hint that that class of immigration would not be altogether unacceptable in Vancouver Island. We thought our neighbours had had their fill of convicts.

THE "RANDOM."—We understand His Excellency's steamer *Leviathan* will go over to Nanaimo to-day, in charge of Mr. Wyld, for the purpose of towing the above confiscated craft over here.

THE "HOPE."—This steamer has got out of her difficulties, and is again running on the river. She steamed up to the wharf on Sunday se'night seemingly little the worse for the trying ordeal through which she passed.

CORRESPONDENCE.—Our correspondence from the interior has, as will be seen, accumulated on our hands somewhat during the holidays. The news from the interior is, however, unusually barren of interest.

EXPRESSES.—Dietz & Nelson have received several expresses during the past week, but the amount of treasure coming to hand has been very trifling indeed.

THE WEATHER continues mild and open, with frequent showers. The snow has almost entirely disappeared around the city, although we understand it still lies to a depth of 18 inches to 2 feet back in the rural districts.

THE "RELIANCE."—Capt. Irving will proceed to-day or to-morrow, and the arrival of the *Reliance* may be looked for about Monday next.

MASONIC.—The anniversary of St. John's day was duly celebrated in the Union Lodge No. 899, in this city on the 27th ult. The Brethren sat down to a sumptuous dinner prepared by Mr. P. Hick.

BIBLE SOCIETY MEETING.—The adjourned annual meeting of the British Columbian Bible Society will be held in the Hyack Hall at half-past 7 o'clock this evening, when it is to be hoped there will be a larger attendance than upon the previous occasion.

THE DOUGLAS-STREET ROAD.—We understand that the contractor, Mr. Scott, has given out the remainder of the road—about 3½ miles—in small sections, and that the work is going on, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather.

Letter from Cariboo.

[FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.]

MR. EDITOR.—I wish prosperity to your paper and would send a few scraps, which you may call, choose or reject, as you see fit. But there is really nothing of interest to note, therefore inculcate whom you will.

A number of claims have lately ceased working, and a few have confined their attention to one shaft. From Cameronton downwards those still in operation are the Cameron, Elliott, Oram and Adams. Upwards to Barkerville are the Moffatt, Caledonia, New York, Grizzly, Watson and Cariboo. Above Barkerville, in Stouff's Gulch, are the Hope, Pioneer and Floyd companies, most of which are getting "pay" and thus hope is kept ever bright and expectation ever burning.

The Cameron Co. have inaugurated a new order of things for the winter, in arrangements made to board the hands and to pay \$75 and \$100 a month, according to the nature of the work. Mr. Wattie, foreman to this company, leaves this in a few days for his home in Canada, and will be missed as a respectable and enterprising miner. These are rather dull times on the creek, and everybody is getting so sober that we may soon expect both judge and jail to be dispensed with. The employment of a good many in getting out timbers, which are sent with fearful velocity down the slides; tends to enliven the scene. It is now much better walking up and down the creek, as the snow track is firm, smooth and dry, and only causes a lapse now and again where it makes a sudden decline. The average depth of snow already fallen in this vicinity is almost a foot, while I am informed that at Soda Creek there is eighteen inches.

John Evans, the individual lately noticed as having received facial injuries from firing off a blast on the Bed-rock Flume, died on the 13th inst. at Richfield, from pneumonia; after a few days severe illness. The deceased came from Canada, and his relatives are in Nissouri, near London, C. W.

About 20 men are still employed on the flume, which is being advanced step by step, and it is anticipated that ere dreary winter has taken its departure it will enliven Richfield. Some prospecting is going on around the upper town, and in one or two instances with some show of success. A few are on the alert a little farther off, but not so many as in former seasons. Several are off on a trapping expedition, and I hear quite a take of martins has rewarded the diligence of those in the pursuit. Anything fair and free to enable the poor man to make his way in the world.

A glebe club has been formed in Cameronton, under the direction of Mr. Ramage, providing healthy recreation and enjoyment to quite a number of the ardent patrons of music.

I have been told by a party from Lowhee that on that creek seven claims have the steam up, and give labor to about 70 men.

Williams Creek, November 30th, 1864.

Letter from Yale.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

FORT YALE, Dec. 24th, 1864.

Very little of importance has transpired in Yale for some time past. The great object of interest to every one at present is the weather. The wish for rain or a thaw, so that we may once more have our regular weekly mail express from below, is universal. The snow on the land is two feet deep, but there are places where it is five or six. For a few days past the weather has become milder, to-day it is 16° above zero, and every thing indicates a speedy clearing of the ice from the river, several parties have been waiting here nearly two weeks looking anxiously for an opportunity of getting below. You may imagine what the difficulties of travel between New Westminster and here must be, when I in-

form you that it took the express eleven days to make the trip. A party of several men with Mrs. Thomas and child started for New Westminster in a canoe, but were unable even to reach Hope; they were exceedingly glad to get back here after three or four days hardships. Mr. John Baie, of the firm Baie & Bro., of Lytton, had both his hands severely frozen while riding between Fort Alexander and Soda Creek.

The Yale Literary Institute seems to have died a natural death, they having held but one debate, subject—the Union of the two Colonies. Union voted a nuisance.

Cariboo Letter.

[FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.]
To the Editor of the British Columbian.

DEAR SIR,—Having just been blessed with the arrival of a mail which returns to-morrow, and as a long, dreary month must elapse ere we shall have another, I take the opportunity of sending you a few items, although there is an unusual dearth of news in Cariboo at the present time. Snow has been falling for the last few days, accompanied with severe frost. The thermometer, I am told, has indicated as low as 20° below zero, but the weather has continued extremely pleasant notwithstanding the intensity of the cold. I am not aware of any sickness at present on the creek outside the Hospital. There is one poor fellow—a Prussian by birth—in that institution who undoubtedly owes his life to it and to the kindness and skill of Dr. Chipp.

While upon the subject of the Hospital allow me to suggest that you, who have been the champion of progress and fair play in this colony so long, ought to give Cariboo the benefit of your influence in favour of having the Hospital placed upon a more permanent and healthy basis. There is no place in the world where such an institution is more needed than here, where all are comparative strangers, and where men are peculiarly prone to ask, "Am I my brother's keeper?" It is true that owing to the kindness of Dr. Chipp—who not only gives his professional services gratuitously, but who has actually supplied medicine from his own store and money from his own pocket to keep up the institution—we have had a home for the sick during the last few months; but it is unreasonable to expect this sort of thing to continue, and unless the government steps in and does its duty towards the Hospital, the big trees of which it is built might as well be in their native forest for all the benefit it will be to us.

Owing to the severity of the frost, work in all the claims has been suspended for the nonce, and although business is very dull and money correspondingly tight, yet considerable preparation is being made to spend as merry a Christmas as circumstances will admit of.

The Rev. D. Duff, the Presbyterian missionary, is still preaching to good congregations, and is every day adding to his popularity if not to the Church which he represents.

The Kootenay mines have created considerable excitement here, and a number speak of leaving for that region in the spring. The Barrist Courier has been in great demand as the medium of authentic information respecting that promising section of British Columbia.

D. K.
Barkerville, Williams Creek, Dec. 11th, 1864.

Yale Letter.

[FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.]
To the Editor of the British Columbian.

FORT YALE, Dec. 28th, 1864.

The weather here still continues warm, that is comparatively so. Last night snow fell to the depth of several inches, but before morning it changed to rain, which still continues. The river is to-day reported to be free from ice between here and Harrison River.

There is to be a grand ball here on Friday the 30th inst., at Mr. Sutton's Saloon. The hop last Friday at Mr. Romano's was a partial failure, owing to the very small number of ladies present. The debating society, after a brief relapse, has again resumed its meetings. Last meeting the subject of the future importance and prospects of this colony came under discussion. I am unable to enter into particulars as I do not attend the meetings. Some telling speeches were made, one in special by Mr. Burgess. The result was favorable for the future prosperity of the colony. To-night the subject of the abolition of road tolls is under consideration. I doubt not that tolls will be voted a nuisance, and a more general taxation desirable to make good the deficiency. Shall give the result of their deliberations in my next budget. We are making strenuous efforts to establish a reading-room and a library in Yale. We have now over forty paying members and hope shortly to have the institution in full operation.

NEW APPOINTMENTS.—The following appeared in Saturday's Gazette:—

COLONIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
26th December, 1864.

The Governor has been pleased to appoint CLEMENT FRANCIS CORNWALL, and LOUIS EVERARD, Esquires, to be Justices of the Peace in and for the Colony of British Columbia.

By Command. ARTHUR N. BIRCH.

A CHANCE NOT TO BE LOST.—Now selling at and under Victoria prices, a large lot of Baltic Shirts, Boots & Shoes, and clothing of every description, Winseys, Woollen Plaid, Flannels & Hats, also a large lot of silk Scarfs, &c., &c., at Arthur Bullock's, opposite the Colonial Restaurant.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Enjoyment of Life.—When the blood is pure, its circulation perfect, and the nerves in good order, we are well. These Pills possess a marvellous power in securing these great secrets of solids. Holloway's Pills can be confidently recommended to all persons suffering from disordered digestion, or worried by nervous fancies or neuralgic pains. They correct acidity and heartburn, dispel sick headache, quicken the action of the liver, and act as alteratives and gentle aperients. The weak and delicate may take them without fear. Holloway's Pills are eminently serviceable to invalids of nervous temperament, as they raise the action of every organ to its natural standard, and universally exercise a calming and bracing influence.

New Advertisements.

ROYAL EXCHANGE BUILDINGS

W. H. HUSKINSON, Proprietor.

CLOTHIER, HOSIER

—AND—

GENERAL OUTFITTER,

Receives by every vessel from England a General assortment of the above Goods,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL!

Victoria, V. I.,

Govern't St., Between Broughton & Humboldt.

TOYS, TOYS.

IMPORTANT NEWS!

MR. S. ZINN

TAKES PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE INHABITANTS OF Victoria and British Columbia that he is constantly receiving, direct from New York, San Francisco, and our own manufactory in Europe, a large quantity and well selected stock of

FANCY GOODS,

WILLOW & WOODEN WARE,

BRUSHES AND TOYS,

CONSISTING OF

French, German and Domestic MARKET BASKETS, Traveling, School, Dinner, Fruit and Work BASKETS; Infants' BASKETS, Cloth BASKETS and HAMPERS; and Fruit BASKETS; Fancy and Willow Children's CARRIAGES, GO-CARTS and CRADLES; BABY JUMPERS, Nursery, Rocking and Children's High Table CHAIRS, ROCKING HORSES and PROPELLERS; Fancy VASES and China ORNAMENTS; Ladies' Leather RETICULES; PORTEMONNIES, PORTEFOLIOS; Pocket COMPANIONS and Photographic ALBUMS; A large assortment of BEADS, and all sorts of BRUSHES and COMBS; Feather DUSTERS, ACCORDEONS, Walking CANES; Checker and Crab BOARDS, DICE and Dice BOXES; Staple BROOMS, MOPS and Cloth POUNDERS;

AND A LARGE VARIETY OF

ALL KINDS OF TOYS.

Being in receipt of the most of these goods from our own houses, and having no Agent to pay, I am therefore enabled to sell them at least 25 per cent. less than any other house in the colony.

Having received orders from our houses to sell the present stock at San Francisco cost, I have therefore reduced prices 25 per cent. below former charges. Toys by the case supplied to the trade at very low prices.

NOTE THE ADDRESS,

S. ZINN,

Santa Clause Headquarters & Fancy Bazaar,
Government Street, next to the Hotel de France.

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A CARD.

I BEG TO RETURN MY SINCERE & GRATEFUL thanks to the inhabitants of New Westminster and British Columbia in general, for the numerous and highly esteemed favors received at their hands since my entering into business in 1859, under the firm of HARRIS & CO., Butchers and Cattle Dealers; and at the same time to inform them that I have this day disposed of my business to DICKINSON BROTHERS, who, I am assured, will use their utmost endeavors to justify the future support of those who may honor them with their patronage.

October 1, 1864. THOS. HARRIS.

DICKINSON BROTHERS,

IN SUCCEEDING TO THE BUSINESS LATELY carried on by Mr. Harris, would most respectfully assure the inhabitants of New Westminster and British Columbia generally that it will be their utmost aim and endeavor satisfactorily to merit a continuance of the support so liberally bestowed on their predecessor.

DICKINSON BROTHERS.

New Westminster, October 1, 1864. ocste

TO LEASE—Lots suitable for business purposes.

J. A. R. HOMER

NOTICE.

I HEREBY NOTIFY the public of British Columbia and Vancouver Island that Duncan & George, Commission Merchants of Victoria, are no longer authorized to act as my agents for Burrard Inlet Mills, and I hereby caution persons against paying any money to, or transacting any business with, the said Duncan & George in respect of those mills.

J. O. SMITH.

New Westminster, November 25th, 1864. lmo

HENRY HOLBROOK,

WHARFINGER,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

DEALER IN PROVISIONS, FEED, ETC.

BONDED STORAGE FOR 1000 TONS OF GOODS in STONE FIREPROOF WAREHOUSE. Goods Forwarded up country, and every accommodation given to vessels loading or discharging at the Liverpool or Upper Wharf.

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THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN
Is published every Wednesday and Saturday morning,
and sent by Express

To Every part of the Colony,
as well as to
Victoria, Washington Territory, Oregon
and California.

Advertisements inserted at reasonable rates, and
BOOK AND JOB PRINTING
of every description executed in a Prompt and Work-
MAN-LIKE MANNER.

The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 4, 1865.

Hon. Mr. Tilley on Temperance.

(From the "Montreal Witness.")
The Sabbath afternoon meeting, on Sabbath,
30th October, was crowded, the announcement
that the Hon. Mr. Tilley, Premier of New Brun-
swick, would be one of the speakers, having
drawn many of various classes who do not usual-
ly attend.

The Hon. Mr. Tilley, having been introduced,
addressed the meeting, saying he had joined the
cause when quite a young man, twenty-three
years ago, and had had many opportunities of
observing the advantages it conferred in going
through life. There were some views of the
waste occasioned by drinking, which had forcibly
impressed his mind. The British and Foreign
Bible Society had been in successful operation
for upwards of half a century, and Christians of all
denominations and many countries contributed to
its funds. It received the large subscriptions of
the rich, and the pennies of the poor; and its
income amounted to the magnificent sum of, per-
haps, £150,000 sterling per annum. But what
was this to the amount spent in drink? In Cana-
da alone, a single province of the British empire,
according to the best calculation he could make
there was more spent in intoxicating drink in
one year, than the income of the Bible Society
for seven years. We all know the good effect-
ed by the money given to the Bible Society. It
diffuses the Word of God throughout the world;
but what was the return for the money spent in
drink? Misery, wretchedness and woe, degra-
dation, disease and death! Canada was distin-
guished for her attention to education and reli-
gion; but she spent more in drink annually than
for the support of all her schools and churches
put together for several years. Again, it had
been calculated that there were five millions of
letters in the Bible, and it would assist us to
realize the enormous sums spent in drink, if we
remember that there are as many dollars spent
in Canada annually in liquor as there are letters
in the Old and New Testaments; and spent not
only unnecessarily, but injuriously. He had for
public purposes kept an accurate account of the
deaths occasioned by drunkenness in the year
in New Brunswick, and they amounted to two
hundred. Canada had ten times the population,
and was not probably more sober—and, there-
fore, she might very probably have two thousand
deaths of this kind in a year; which, if they
were all collected into one view, would appal
every heart. How, it may be asked, could such
things be without arousing more attention?
How was it that this costly work of devastation
should be allowed to go on almost without ex-
citing remark? The general apathy was to be
accounted for by familiarity. When the cholera
commenced in the city where he resided, the first
deaths caused general consternation; but after
it had gone on for some time, and deaths had be-
come more and more numerous, people became
less and less alarmed. So in the American war.
The first account of a few hundred killed awak-
ened a thrill of horror in our minds which later
accounts of losses of thousands and tens of
thousands failed to arouse. This waste was also
as injurious in a private as in a public point of
view. What might not families accomplish in
the way of increased comfort and usefulness by
the means spent in drink? The amount wasted
in this way, even by very moderate drinkers,
annually, would, if paid in life-insurance, make
a handsome provision for their families, and many
families were deprived not only of comforts, but
necessaries, by drink. During his experience in
this cause, he had seen nothing but good from
total abstinence, and only evil from drinking.
It made an incalculable difference to a young
man starting in life, which side he chose; and
he hoped the many young men present would
choose aright.

The meeting was closed, as usual, by prayer
and singing a hymn.

THE DAGGER AND THE BOWL.—"A Carlsruhe
letter," says the *Debats*, "relates an extraor-
dinary tragedy said to have just taken place in that
city, but which we give under every reserve. A
Polish count, named K—, after seducing a
Mlle. de la B—, one of the most charming
ladies of Carlsruhe, abandoned her in order to
marry the Marquise de L—. Mlle. de la B—
tried every means to win back her faithless lover,
but, finding her efforts useless, determined to be
avenged. A grand ball was given a few days
back at the residence of the Marquise to celebrate
her betrothal with the Count. The fete was at
its height, when Mlle. de la B— approached the
Marquise with a smile on her lips, as if about
to salute her, and then dashed the contents of a
phial of sulphuric acid into her face. A short
time before a servant in livery had handed a let-
ter to the Count. After reading it the latter turned
pale, and immediately went out. The next day
his body was discovered stabbed with a poni-
ard in three places, while that of Mlle. de la B—
was found in a river which runs at a short distance
from the town. The Marquise is disgraced for
life."—*Galignani's Messenger*.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

AFTER THIS DATE, URIAH NELSON & CO. ARE
not responsible for damage on Oils or Liquids
shipped in Tin.

URIAH NELSON & CO.
Port Douglas, May 2, 1864.

Selling off at Cost!

The Largest Stock in New Westminster,
consisting in part of Dry Goods, Millinery,
Haberdashery, Clothing, Ribbons, Hosiery,
Ladies', Children's and Gents' Boots and
Shoes, Yankee Notions, Groceries, etc., etc.

At

H. EICKHOFF'S,

Front Street.

FRASER RIVER
SANDS.

CAUTION TO MARINERS

No. 1 AND 2 BEACONS (NORTH AND
SOUTH SAND HEADS), have been carried away dur-
ing the late gales.
JAMES COOPER, Harbourmaster.
December 16th, 1864.

**HARDWARE
CHEAP FOR CASH.**

CUNNINGHAM BROTHERS,

DETERMINED TO COMPETE
with Victoria merchants,
now offer to the inhabitants
of New Westminster and
British Columbia a well se-
lected stock of HARDWARE,
STOVES, COAL OIL LAMPS,
&c., at greatly reduced
rates, FOR CASH!

A GOOD article of No. 1
Coal Oil, at \$1 per gallon.

ORDERS from the interior
will be filled at Victoria
prices, duty only added.

New Westminster, Nov. 17, 1864.

FURNITURE, BEDDING

WILLOW-WARE.

WITHROW & TILLEY,

HAVING just received a large stock of beautiful
Furniture and Willow-ware, direct from foreign
markets, are selling at such prices as will induce the
citizens of New Westminster, and the people of British
Columbia generally, to purchase here instead of going
to another market.

JUST ARRIVED!

Fine Rosewood and Mahogany Parlor Suits; an assort-
ment of fine Bed-room Suits, consisting of Oak,
Chesnut, and plain painted; Sofas, Bureaus,
Whatnots, Piano Stools, Hat-stands, Centre
Tables, Dining Extension Tables,
Cradles, Cribs, and a large
assortment of Oak, Ma-
hogany and Wood Chairs; Bedsteads
of every description; and, in fact, nearly everything in
THE FURNITURE LINE.

ALSO.—A fine assortment of Willow-ware, Gilt and
Rosewood Picture Frame Moulding, different sized Look-
ing-glass Plate, Mahogany & Walnut Boards & Veneers.
ALSO.—Feathers; Hair, Palm and Straw Mattresses
always on hand and manufactured to order. Furniture
manufactured and repaired. Pictures framed, Maps
mounted and varnished. Undertaking promptly at-
tended to.

Persons intending to purchase would do well to call
and see our stock before going elsewhere.

WITHROW & TILLEY.

New Boot and Shoe Shop
MARTY STREET, OPPOSITE THE TREASURY,
Boots and Shoes made and repaired.

W. WOODMAN
New Westminster Feb. 1861.

THE BANK

BRITISH COLUMBIA

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL, \$1,250,000.
IN 12,500 SHARES OF \$100 EACH.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

NEW WESTMINSTER—Bank of British Columbia.
YALE—Ditto.
QUENNELLE MOUTH—Ditto.
CAMERONTON, CARIBOO—Ditto.

IN VANCOUVER ISLAND.
VICTORIA—Bank of British Columbia.
NANAIMO—Ditto.

IN THE UNITED STATES.
SAN FRANCISCO—Bank of British Columbia.
PORTLAND (Oregon)—Messrs. Ladd & Tilton.
NEW YORK—Messrs. Maitland, Phelps & Co.

IN CANADA.
MONTREAL—Messrs. Gillespie, Moffatt & Co.

IN INDIA, CHINA & AUSTRALIA.
The Oriental Bank.

IN ENGLAND.
National Provincial Bank of England.
North and South Wales Bank, Liverpool.

IN SCOTLAND.
British Linen Company Bank.

IN IRELAND.
Union Bank of Ireland.

LONDON OFFICE—80 Lombard Street.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened for any amount not less
than One Hundred Dollars.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS, bearing interest, issued for money
lodged for fixed periods.

BILLS DISCOUNTED AND COLLECTED; and BILLS OF EX-
CHANGE ON Great Britain, San Francisco and New York
purchased.

DRAFTS issued on all the Branches and Agencies;
and CREDITS granted on Great Britain, San Francisco
and New York, authorizing payment for goods ship-
ped to the Colonies.

GOVERNMENT and other SECURITIES received for safe
custody; Interest and Dividends Collected; Duties
paid on goods in bond.

GOLD DUST & BARS PURCHASED,
Received on Deposit, or advances made upon them.

D. M. LANG, Manager.

New Westminster, August, 1864.

LOUIS HAUTIER'S HOTEL

—AND—

BILLIARD SALOON,

Lytton City, B. C.

THIS House is furnished in the best style, and a stock
of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly
on hand. The Billiard Tables are unsurpassed in the
colony. The charges are moderate.

Good Stabling, and Horses constantly on sale at
low prices.

Lytton City, November 10, 1862.

BRICKS, BRICKS.

FOR SALE!

50,000 BRICKS of British Columbia manu-
facture. Price \$12 per thousand, free
of wharfage. Apply to

JOHN MURRAY.

New Westminster, Sept. 23, 1864.

LOWE BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

—AND IMPORTERS OF

Provisions, Groceries, French Wines,

LIQUORS AND HAVANA CIGARS,

RIED'S BLOCK, WHARF STREET.

VICTORIA, V. I.

Bank of British North America.

ASSAY OFFICE, VICTORIA.

GOLD DUST MELTED & ASSAYED.

CHARGES:

For all deposits under 50 ounces \$2
For all " above 50 " One quarter of one
per cent.

Ores of every description carefully Assayed

CHARGES:

For each Mineral Assay \$10
GOLD DUST AND BARS PURCHASED
at the current rates.

J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager.
Victoria, May 7, 1864.

W. J. ARMSTRONG,

COLUMBIA STREET,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.,

IMPORTER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY,

GLASSWARE, AND

Oilman's Stores.

Would call the particular attention of Up-river Mer-
chants, Steamer Owners and others to his Stock, and
ascertain the prices before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Fresh Garden Seeds just received and
for sale.

W. J. ARMSTRONG.

New Westminster, March 27th, 1863.

HICK'S HOTEL!

Lytton Square, New Westminster, B. C.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs to inform the Public, and
especially the Travelling Community, that he has
just opened the above central and well known estab-
lishment, where he hopes, by reasonable charges and
strict attention to the comfort of his customers, to re-
ceive a share of public patronage.

THE BAR

is supplied with the best brands of Wines, Liquors
and Cigars.

PHILIP HICK, Proprietor.

New Westminster, Sept. 22, 1864.

ANDERSON & Co.,

HAVE NOW IN STOCK and will keep constantly

Byrass Porter and Ale, Martell and other Brandy,

Scotch Whiskey, Rum, &c.

WHARF ST., VICTORIA.

FRENCH'S FISH MARKET,

FRONT STREET,

New Westminster.

In the above Market will always be found, in season,

FISH

Of Every kind, both Fresh, Salted and Smoked!

Also, in season, all kinds of

GAME.

Shipping Orders Promptly attended to.

FREDERICK KAYE & CO.

New Westminster, July 5, 1864.

TO LET.

THE COLUMBIA HOTEL!

THIS LARGE HOUSE is advantageously situated
for a FIRST CLASS HOTEL, being only a short dis-
tance from the wharf on Lytton Square. It has just
undergone a thorough renovation, and, if requisite, can
be further improved and enlarged. This affords a good
opportunity to any person who understands the busi-
ness to make a small fortune, as the rent will be mod-
erate. The Hotel contains ample furniture, which can
be purchased upon the most favorable terms. For par-
ticulars apply on the premises.

se10tc

New Advertisements.

ALL CURES MADE EASY!!

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Bad Legs, Ulcerous Sores, Bad
Breasts and Old Wounds.

No description of wound, sore, or ulcer can resist the
healing properties of this excellent Ointment. The
worst cases readily assume a healthy appearance when
ever this medicament is applied; sound flesh springs
up from the bottom of the wound, inflammation of the
surrounding skin is arrested, and a complete and per-
manent cure quickly follows the use of the Ointment.

Piles, Fistulas and Internal Inflam-
mation.

These distressing and weakening diseases may with
certainty be cured by the sufferers themselves, if they
will use Holloway's Ointment, and closely attend to the
printed instructions. It should be well rubbed upon
the neighbouring parts, when all obnoxious matter will
be removed. A poultice of bread and water may some-
times be applied at bed time with advantage; and most
scrupulous cleanliness must be observed. If those who
read this paragraph will bring it under the notice of
such of their acquaintances whom it may concern, they
will render a service that will never be forgotten, as a
cure is certain.

Rheumatism, Gout & Neuralgia.

Nothing has the power of reducing inflammation and
subduing pain in these complaints in the same degree
as Holloway's cooling Ointment and purifying Pills.
When used simultaneously they drive all inflammation
and depravities from the system, subdue and remove
all enlargement of the joints, and leave the sinews and
muscles lax and uncontracted. A cure may always be
effected, even under the worst circumstances, if the use
of these medicines be persevered in.

Eruptions, Scald Head, Ringworm &
other Skin Diseases.

After fomentation with warm water, utmost relief and
speediest cure can be readily obtained in all complaints
affecting the skin and joints, by the simultaneous use of
the Ointment and Pills. But it must be remembered
that nearly all skin diseases indicate the depravity of
the blood, and derangement of the liver and stomach,
consequently, in many cases, time is required to purify
the blood, which will be effected by a judicious use of
the Pills. The general health will be readily improved,
although the eruption may be driven out more freely
than before, and which should not be promoted; per-
severance is necessary.

Sore Throats, Diphtheria, Quinsy,
Mumps & all other Derangements
of the Throat.

On the appearance of any of these maladies the Oint-
ment should be well rubbed at least three times a day
upon the neck and upper part of the chest, so as to
penetrate to the glands, as salt is forced into meat;
this course will at once remove inflammation and ulcera-
tion. The worst cases will yield to this treatment by
following the printed directions.

Scrofula or King's Evil and Swelling
of the Glands.

This class of cases may be cured by Holloway's puri-
fying Pills and Ointment, as their double action ap-
purifying the blood and strengthening the system, ren-
ders them more suitable than any other remedy for all com-
plaints of a scrofulous nature. As the blood is impure
the liver, stomach and bowels, being much deranged,
require purifying medicine to bring about a cure.

Both the Ointment and Pills should be used in the following
cases:—

Bad Legs.	Chapped Hands.	Scalds.
Bad Breasts.	Contracted and	Sore Nipples.
Burns.	Stiff Joints.	Sore-throats.
Bunions.	Elephantiasis.	Skin-diseases.
Bite of Mosquitoes	Fistulas.	Scurvy.
and Sand-Flies.	Gout.	Sore-heads.
Coco-bay.	Glandular Swel-	Tumors.
Chiefo-foot.	lings.	Ulcers.
Corns (soft).	Lumbago.	Wounds.
Cancers.	Piles.	Yaws.
Chilblains.	Rheumatism.	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY
244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; and by all re-
sponsible Druggists and Dealers in Medicines through-
out the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s.
1jd., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. each Pot.

* * * There is a considerable saving by taking the
larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in
every disorder are affixed to each Pot.

TO BE SOLD FOR \$1000.

(TERMS—HALF CASH, AND BALANCE WITHIN 12 MONTHS.)

THE PROPERTY FORMERLY KNOWN AS THE
STANISLAS HOUSE, near the Douglas Portage,
together with about 4 acres of Land, fenced and partly
cleared, around the house, and growing No. 1 Vegeta-
bles. There is also about 10 acres more adjoining.
The place has the advantage of being well located for
obtaining a share of the public patronage as well as be-
ing a regular team stand for the Douglas teams. For
further particulars apply to JONATHAN MOREY, at
the R. R. Camp, New Westminster, or to

W. E. STEIN.

At the Hot

Springs, Douglas Portage, British Columbia.

September 30, 1864.

DICKSON, CAMPBELL & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

WHARF STREET,

VICTORIA, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

H. N. DICKSON & CO.,

DICKSON, DEWOLF & CO.,

London.

San Francisco.

July 15-16

BOSTON BAR

HOTEL,

BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will
give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them
with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars

constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies,
etc. Prices very low.

JOLIEUR & CO.

Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861.

Printed and published every Wednesday and Saturday, by Jone
Rosenow, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster, in the
Colony of British Columbia.

No. 9

THE JOURNAL
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